ARTICLE SUBMISSION

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Please download a new template for each submission, as it may have been updated since you last used it.

ABOUT THE SUBMISSION

Title of article

In 15 words or fewer, provide a title that is informative and concise. Put keywords and phrases that both represent your topic and which are attractive to your intended audience at the beginning.

A well-written title is an invaluable tool to ensure your paper is as discoverable as possible.

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One-sentence summary

A brief summary of the main result of your paper, without jargon.

**[Please amend or delete sections and subsections below as necessary, while retaining the format and structure of the form as much as possible.]**

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| ABSTRACT |

[Please keep the structured abstract to 250 words maximum. Include keywords and/or phrases. Place essential findings first.]

Objective:

Background: [What motivated this study?]

Evidentiary value: [State the study design, sample size, and degree to which this study should impact practice. Be clear what is meant by ’practice’. For example, if this is an in vitro study, practitioners may be other bench scientists, and this study may be solid evidence for them.]

Methods: [Include the species names.]

Results: [Include your most important results here.]

Conclusion:

Application: [Who will use these results and how should they use them?]

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| INTRODUCTION |

[Cite references honestly but sparingly. End your introduction by stating your hypotheses. Cite references in parentheses (Whiting et al., 2006) – see the reference section for more information.]

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| METHODS & MATERIALS |

Authors must adhere to [published reporting guidelines](https://veterinaryevidence.org/index.php/ve/about/editorialPolicies#custom-6).

Include all descriptions of methods and materials here in the main paper. Describe the methods and materials in sections, each with a short subheading. Under exceptional circumstances, when a particularly lengthy description is required, you can include a portion of the materials and methods in the Supplementary Materials section.

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| RESULTS |

*Subhead 1: Brief phrase, not a sentence*

Subheadings must be in italics. Use 10 words or fewer if possible. Do not end subheadings with a full-stop. Your paper may have as many subheadings as are necessary.

*Subhead 2: All figures and tables cited in order*

Include figures and tables in the results section near, but below, the first reference to the figure or table. If tables or figures are too large to fit in the text, include them immediately before the supplements (see below).

**Figure 1**. Short title of the first figure. Begin the figure caption with a title (an overall descriptive statement of the figure), followed by additional text. **Help your readers – make sure the figures and tables make sense on their own**. Place the legends immediately after each figure.

**Figure 2.** Short title of the second figure. Indicate figure parts with bold capital letters (**A**), (**B**). If you prefer, you can place both the actual figures and captions logically through the text near where they are cited, rather than at the end of the file (but not both).

**Table 1.** Short title of the first table. Start table captions with a title (short description of the table). Format tables using the Word Table commands and structures. Do not create tables using spaces or tabs characters.

All sections of the results should refer to a figure or table, preferably a data display element that is part of the main text. You must present all figures, figure panels and tables in order. For example, the description of panel A of figure 3 cannot come before the description of panel B of figure 2. You must also present the supplementary figures (for example, fig. S1) and tables (table S1) in order. You may include page breaks.

*Subhead 3: All data presented first in the Results*

You should present all data in the Results. Do not present data for the first time in the Discussion. Data (such as from Western blots) should be appropriately quantified.

If any of the images (figures, tables, and photographs) have been previously published or are owned by someone else, the authors must ensure that they have the appropriate permission from the copyright holder for publication in *Veterinary Evidence,* and the caption must include a credit line giving the source.

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| DISCUSSION |

Include a Discussion that summarises your conclusions and elaborates on their implications. Include a paragraph outlining the limitations of your results and interpretation, and a discussion of the steps that readers need to take to apply the findings in the clinic. Please avoid claims of priority and avoid repeating the conclusions at the end.

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| SUPPLEMENTARY MATERIALS |

[Present a list of the titles of the Supplementary Materials, in the following order: Supplementary materials and methods, supplementary figures, supplementary tables, other supplementary files (such as movies, data, interactive images, or database files). Submit all Supplementary Materials with the manuscript. The actual supplements go after the reference section.]

Materials and Methods

Fig. S1. Title of the first supplementary figure.

Fig. S2. Title of the second supplementary figure.

Table S1. Title of the first supplementary table.

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| FOOTNOTES |

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Authors are required to confirm that the appropriate ethical approval and informed consent have been obtained.

Ethical Approval

Where ethical approval has been obtained, please state the name of the approving body and the approval number / ID:

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Where ethical approval is not required, please specify why it was not required, cite the relevant guidelines or legislation where applicable.

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| Ethical approval was not required because… |

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Always use the author-date system, otherwise known as Harvard system of referencing. This relies on brief parenthetical citations in the text that take the reader to the appropriate entry in the reference list. The reference list only contains those sources cited in the text. All references included in the reference list should exclusively be cited within the article.

The text citation should consist of just the author’s last name and year of publication. If the paper contains citations to works by different authors sharing the same last name, then their initials should be used to distinguish between them.

(Smith, 2021)

(Smith & Jones, 2021)

(Smith et al., 2021) – do not italicise et al. where there are three authors or more

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Several references may be included within the same parentheses separated by a semi colon – (Smith et al., 2021; Jones & Morris, 1988; and Baker, 1984)

If there is more than one work by an author in a single year they are distinguished by lower-case letters appended to the year – (Smith, 2021a), (Smith, 2021b)

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Journals:

Last name, First initial. (Year published). Article title. *Journal*. Volume(Issue), Page(s). DOI: DOI identifier

Examples –

Poole, A. (2021). ‘Don’t pee on that!’ Comparing environmental modification and medical management in cats with FIC. *Veterinary Evidence*. 6(1), 1–20. DOI: <https://doi.org/10.18849/ve.v6i1.337>

Thomas, J., Marshall, S., Gormley, K., Conway, G. & Borgeat, K. (2021). Does medical or surgical treatment for aortic stenosis improve outcome in dogs? *Veterinary Evidence*. 6(2), 1–13. DOI: <https://doi.org/10.18849/ve.v6i2.368>

Chapters in edited books:

Last name, First initial. (Year published). Chapter title. In: First initial. Last name, ed., *Book title,* 1st ed. City: Publisher, Page(s).

Websites:

Last name, First initial. (Year published). Page title. Available at: URL [Accessed Day Mo. Year].

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See below for some points to help structure your audio clip:

1. Background – what question is the Knowledge Summary answering and why did you choose this question?
2. Please give an overview of what evidence there is and what the evidence says – what is the clinical bottom line?
3. And if appropriate – how could someone in practice could implement the recommendations of the Knowledge Summary?

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